



**Indian Institute of Technology Ropar**  
**Department of Mathematics**  
**MA101 - Calculus**  
**First Semester of Academic Year 2025-26**

**Tutorial Sheet - 7**

1. Check the convergence of the improper integral  $\int_0^3 \frac{dx}{x-1}$ .
2. For what values of  $p$  does the integral  $\int_1^\infty \frac{dx}{x^p}$  converges and what is its value?
3. Let  $a < b$  and  $p < 1$ . Does the improper integral  $\int_a^b \frac{dx}{(b-x)^p}$  converge?
4. Evaluate the improper integral  $\int_2^\infty \frac{x+3}{(x-1)(x^2+1)} dx$ .
5. Check the convergence of the following improper integrals:
  - (a)  $\int_1^\infty \frac{dx}{1+e^x}$
  - (b)  $\int_1^\infty \frac{\cos x}{x^p} dx$  for  $p > 0$ .
6. Use integration, direct comparison test or limit comparison test to test the integrals for convergence:
  - (a)  $\int_0^\pi \frac{dt}{\sqrt{t} + \sin t}$
  - (b)  $\int_0^{\ln 2} x^{-2} e^{\frac{-1}{x}} dx$
  - (c)  $\int_1^\infty \frac{e^x}{x} dx$
7. Calculate the arc length:
  - (a)  $24xy = y^4 + 48$  from the point  $(\frac{4}{3}, 2)$  to  $(\frac{11}{4}, 4)$ .
  - (b)  $x = 8t^{\frac{3}{2}}, y = 3 + (8-t)^{\frac{3}{2}}$  where  $0 \leq t \leq 4$ .
8. Calculate the area of the surfaces generated by revolving the arcs
  - (a)  $y = x^3$  from  $x = 1$  to  $x = 2$  about the  $x$ -axis.
  - (b)  $y = x + 2$  from  $y = 2$  to  $y = 5$  about the line  $y = 4$ .
9. An electric cable is hanging between two poles that are 200 meters apart and cable is in the shape of the graph of the function  $y = 75(e^{\frac{x}{150}} + e^{\frac{-x}{150}})$ . Find the length of the cable.
10. Let  $(3 \cos t, 4 \sin t)$  represents a curve in  $\mathbb{R}^2$  for  $0 \leq t \leq 2\pi$ . Find the approximate arc length of the curve when  $\frac{\pi}{4} \leq t \leq \frac{3\pi}{4}$  so that the magnitude of error is less than 0.1
11. Use integration, direct comparison test or limit comparison test to test the integrals for convergence:
  - (a)  $\int_4^\infty \frac{dx}{x^2 - 2x}$
  - (b)  $\int_1^\infty \frac{dx}{\sqrt{x^6 + 1}}$
  - (c)  $\int_3^\infty \frac{dx}{2 + \cos x + \ln x}$

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