



Indian Institute of Technology Ropar
Department of Mathematics
MA101 - Calculus
First Semester of Academic Year 2025-26

Tutorial Sheet - 11

1. Sketch the region of integration and evaluate the following integrals:

(a) $\int_0^\pi \int_0^x x \sin(y) dy dx$ (b) $\int_1^{\ln 8} \int_0^{\ln y} e^{x+y} dx dy$

2. Find the centroid of the region in the first quadrant that is bounded above by the line $y = x$ and below by the parabola $y = x^2$.

3. Evaluate the following integrals:

(a) $\int \int (x + y)^2 dx dy$ over the area bounded by the ellipse $\frac{x^2}{a^2} + \frac{y^2}{b^2} = 1$.

(b) $\int \int_S \sqrt{xy - y^2} dx dy$ where S is the triangle with vertices $(0, 0)$, $(10, 1)$ and $(1, 1)$.

4. Sketch the region of integration and evaluate $\int \int_R (y - 2x^2) dx dy$ where R is the region inside the square $|x| + |y| = 1$.

5. Evaluate $\int_0^{\pi/2} \int_0^{a \cos \theta} r \sqrt{a^2 - r^2} dr d\theta$.

6. Change the order of integration $\int_0^{2a} \int_{\sqrt{2ax-x^2}}^{\sqrt{2ax}} V(x, y) dy dx$

7. Evaluate by changing the order of integration:

(a) $\int_0^1 \int_{x^2}^{2-x} xy dy dx$ (b) $\int_0^\infty \int_x^\infty \frac{e^{-y}}{y} dy dx$ (c) $\int_0^1 \int_x^{\sqrt{2-x^2}} \frac{x}{\sqrt{x^2 + y^2}} dy dx$

8. Find the smaller of the areas bounded by the ellipse $4x^2 + 9y^2 = 36$ and the straight line $2x + 3y = 6$.

9. Find the volume bounded by the cylinder $x^2 + y^2 = 4$ and the planes $y + z = 4$ and $z = 0$.

10. Find the volume bounded by the xy plane, the cylinder $x^2 + y^2 = 1$ and the plane $x + y + z = 3$.

11. Find the volume of the ellipsoid $\frac{x^2}{a^2} + \frac{y^2}{b^2} + \frac{z^2}{c^2} = 1$.

12. Find the volume of the tetrahedron bounded by the co-ordinate planes and the plane $\frac{x}{a} + \frac{y}{b} + \frac{z}{c} = 1$.

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